

IIT MADRAS

Technology Transfer Office TTO - IPM Cell



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)

HYDROGEN GENERATION FROM WASTE WATER VIA GALVANIC CORROSION OF IN-SITU FORMED ALUMINUM AMALGAM IITM Technology Available for Licensing

### Problem Statement

- The main threats to **human health** from heavy metals are associated with exposure to **lead, cadmium, mercury and arsenic.**
- Heavy metal pollution is a long time issues.
- Though there are several reports for detection of mercury, but a fruitful process which can **remove and utilize the contaminant** is yet to be **developed.**
- Hydrogen is one of two natural elements that combine to make water. It has a very high calorific value and hence it is a good energy carrier/ fuel. It is useful as an energy source in fuel cells and batteries.
- While hydrogen is a clean fuel, the main challenges associated with its application have to do with difficulty in **material storage and transportation, safety, low rate, etc.**

Hence there is a need to develop a **new method** to overcome above mentioned problems, which is disclosed in the **present patent**.

# Technology

The present patent discloses a **process** for **generating hydrogen from mercury containing waste water** via in situ synthesis of a **hydrolytic amalgam**, which does not undergo **passivation by alumina layer on its surface** like other similar systems. **The method comprising the steps of:** 

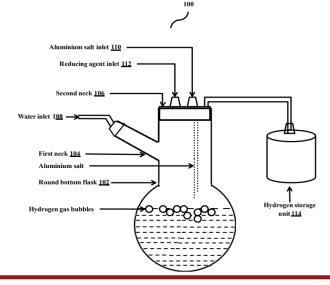
- providing aluminium salt to the water to remove mercury from the water wherein aluminium (Al) salt reacts with mercury in the water to form Al amalgam (nano or microaluminium amalgam);
- producing hydrogen gas from the water by reacting the water with aluminum amalgam through borohydride addition, wherein the aluminium amalgam reacts with the water to produce the hydrogen gas;
- remove Hg from water in granular form.

## **Technology Category/ Market**

**Category:** Chemistry & Chemical Analysis **Industry:** Catalysts, Fuel Cells Wireless, Energy **Application:** Hydrogen production and water purification by the removal of toxic mercury. **Market:** The global hydrogen generation market is projected to grow from **\$ 150.20 B** in **2021** to **\$ 220.37 B** in **2028** at **5.6% CAGR** in forecast period of **2021-2028**.

### Key Features / Value Proposition

- The nanoaluminium amalgam and aluminium nanoparticles react with water and generates hydrogen at a very high rate (-580 ml/min or 25.89 mM/min per 0.5g of AI salt) at room temperature.
- The rapid hydrogen generation mechanism is attributed to galvanic corrosion of amalgam that helps in bypassing AI or AI amalgams towards hydrolysis due to the presence of alumina layer on its surface.
- The process **removes Hg** from contaminated water & produces Hydrogen, overcomes hydrolytic material storage and transportation problems without any catalyst, or other extra reagent. It uses common and easily available starting materials, and it can also be done using normal tap & pure water.
- FIG. 1 illustrates an apparatus for producing hydrogen gas from water.

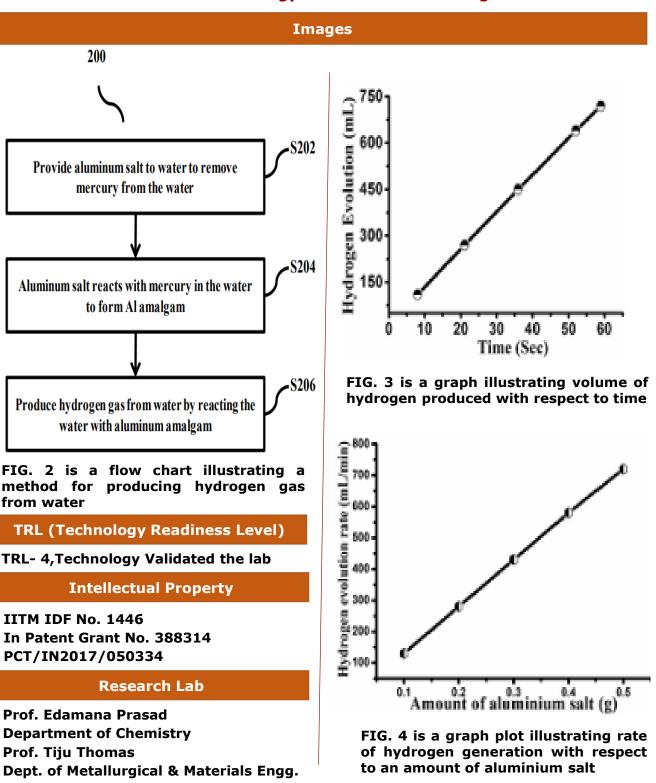


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Hydrogen Generation from Waste Water via Galvanic Corrosion of in-situ formed Aluminum Amalgam IITM Technology Available for Licensing



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