

IIT MADRAS Technology Transfer Office TTO - IPM Cell



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)

BIOPROCESS TECHNIQUE FOR PRODUCTION OF SECONDARY METABOLITES FROM PLANT CELLS USING TEXTILE DYE EFFLUENTS **IITM Technology Available for Licensing**

Problem Statement

Indian Institute of Technology Madras

- Leveraging the potential of phytoremediation to enhance the sustainability and ecofriendliness of secondary metabolite production.
- Meeting the growing demand for tocopherols and phytosterols in the cosmetic industry, where these compounds are valued for their benefits.
- Developing a reliable and scalable process to ensure a consistent supply of these secondary metabolites.
- Overcoming existing limitations in secondary production metabolite methods to contribute to advancements in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and other sectors that rely on these compounds.

Intellectual Property

- IITM IDF Ref. 1611
- IN 201841001881
- NBA Appl. No. INBA3202204201

Technology Category/ Market

Category- Bioprocess Engineering Applications- Phytoremediation of textile dyes.

Industry- Bioremediation

Market- Global Phytoremediation Market reached USD 6.2 Bn in 2023 and is projected to exhibit a CAGR of 5.1% from 2023 to 2030.

Research Lab

Prof. Smita Srivastava, Prof. G K Suraishkumar, Dept. of Biotechnology

CONTACT US

Dr. Dara Ajay, Head Technology Transfer Office, IPM Cell- IC&SR. IIT Madras

IITM TTO Website:

of Helianthus annuus.

https://ipm.icsr.in/ipm/

Email: smipm-icsr@icsrpis.iitm.ac.in sm-marketing@imail.iitm.ac.in Phone: +91-44-2257 9756/ 9719



FIG. 1. illustrates a process flow diagram illustrating

steps for production of secondary metabolites-

tocopherols and phytosterols from suspension cells



Indian Institute of Technology Madras



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)



Technology

- The present invention is related the to production of secondary metabolites such as tocopherols and phytosterols from Helianthus annuus.
- The bioprocess involves generating Helianthus annuus (H. annuus) in vitro plants and transforming them usina Aarobacterium enhancing the expression of tumefaciens, certain enzymes related secondary to metabolite production.
- Transformed H. annuus cell lines are grown under optimized conditions, including specific temperature, light, and culture parameters, to production maximize the of secondary metabolites, particularly alpha-tocopherol.
- The process demonstrates the ability to remove xenobiotic azo dye (Reactive Red 120) from a solution using 10-day old H. annuus suspension cultures, showcasing a potential eco-friendly application.
- Additionally, the technique includes the transformation of H. annuus hairy roots, offering an alternative approach to achieve and enhanced dve removal secondary metabolite production.
- The physico-chemical parameters are further optimized to improve dye removal, utilizing specific conditions such hairy as root concentration, temperature, and light exposure.

TRL (Technology Readiness Level)

TRL - 4: Technology validated in lab scale.

CONTACT US

Dr. Dara Ajay, Head Technology Transfer Office, IPM Cell- IC&SR. IIT Madras

IITM TTO Website: https://ipm.icsr.in/ipm/ Email: smipm-icsr@icsrpis.iitm.ac.in sm-marketing@imail.iitm.ac.in Phone: +91-44-2257 9756/ 9719



Indian Institute of Technology Madras



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)



FIG. 2. illustrates a process flow diagram illustrating steps for production of secondary metabolites-tocopherols and phytosterols from hairy roots of Helianthus annuus.



FIG.3. illustrates a graphical representation of HPLC chromatogram indicating peaks corresponding to Alpha-tocopherol and phytosterols.

CONTACT US

Dr. Dara Ajay, Head Technology Transfer Office, IPM Cell- IC&SR, IIT Madras

IITM TTO Website: https://ipm.icsr.in/ipm/ Email: smipm-icsr@icsrpis.iitm.ac.in sm-marketing@imail.iitm.ac.in Phone: +91-44-2257 9756/ 9719