

TTO - IPM Cell



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)

Method for Accumulation of Silver by Rice and Possible Metal Extraction by **Agriculture**

IITM Technology Available for Licensing

Problem Statement

- · Generally, concentration of silver in soil does not exceed 0.1 mg/kg & in agriculture crops it is <1mg/kg of dry weight.
- Enhanced accumulation of arsenic & other heavy metals have seen in several rice varieties. Further, a few conventional method for manufacturing/extraction of a plurality of gold nanoparticles in a plant discussed herein.
- However, accumulation & extraction of metals from rice to a greater extent is not discussed
- Present Patent discussed rice variety which accumulates silver to the extent of 15 mg/kg making it a viable method for extractive metallurgy.

Technology Category/ Market

Technology: Accumulation of Silver by Rice & Possible Metal Extraction by Agriculture Industry: Food Industry (Cereals);

Applications: Extraction of silver/metal in Agriculture applications; Bio-amplificaion Market: The global precious metals recovery market is projected to reach USD 18.7B by

2030, growing at a **CAGR** of **7%** from 2022 to 2030.

Technology

- patent claimed Present a process accumulation and extraction of noble metal, silver from soil in Garib-sal rice variety.
- Said method comprises the steps of:
- Growing Garib-sal rice variety in a soil rich in heavy metals;
- > Extracting the metal from the bran of Garib-sal rice variety by burning the hay and husk, & then processing the residue to obtain the metal.
- The silver is accumulated in the aleuronic layer of the rice grain & the variety showed

enhanced silver accumulation upto **15.61 mg/kg** in its grain grown in the soil with Ag concentration of approximately 0.15 mg/kg.

Images



Fig.1: Depicts Photograph of the G2 rice grown in the lab in A) normal soil; B) silver supplemented soil;

Key Features / Value Proposition

Technical Perspective: 1.The process facilitates said silver decreases subcutaneously sub aleurone in negligible in the endosperm of the rice results ~100 grain, of amplification.

2.The accumulation of silver in the aleuronic layer of the rice grain is identified using nano SIMS.

Industrial Perspective: The silver extracted from the bran after milling of the rice, thereby causing no loss of the foodstuff, wherein said metal comprises silver, gold, platinum, iron, manganese, chromium, copper, palladium, tin, zinc, cobalt and nickel.

Intellectual Property

IITM IDF Ref. 1268;

Patent No: 365675 (Granted)

TRL (Technology Readiness Level)

TRL-3/4, Proof of Concept ready validated

Research Lab

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Technology Transfer Office TTO - IPM Cell



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Images (Experimental Images)

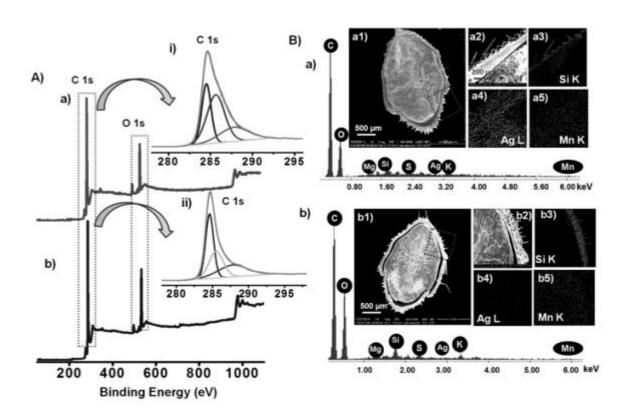


FIGURE 2

Fig.2: Depicts XPS of the G2 variety rice grown in A) silver supplemented and B) normal soil, C1s of the same is expanded in the inset, marked as i and ii. SEM/EDS spectrum of a horizontally cut husked rice grain cultivated in C) silver supplemented and D) normal soil. Corresponding SEM image is shown in a1 and a2, the elemental map is taken from a small portion marked as b1 and b2 in the inset, also marked in dotted lines in figure. The SEM image of the corresponding area is shown in c1 and c2, respectively. Elemental mapping of Si K, Ag L and Mn K are represented in d1 and d2, e1 and e2 and f1 and f2, respectively.

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