

IIT MADRAS Technology Transfer Office Indian Institute of Technology Madras



Industrial Consultancy & Sponsored Research (IC&SR)

Energy Efficient Process for the Separation of Oil from Oil Storage Tank **Bottom Sludge**

IITM Technology Available for Licensing

Problem Statement

- In the present era, Thermal separation is an effective method of treating oil sludges; and microwave application in oil sludge treatment provides many advantageous features including some disadvantages.
- A few prior arts both patent literatures and non-patent literatures have been discussed herein, wherein the issues occurred in the prior arts methods consists of long time taking to required clear the oil sludge, more operational cost including tedious process and produce low yield oil & gas.
- However, said prior arts do not disclosed the recovery of oil either from sludge using spent catalyst or from oily sludge including other associated process.
- Hence, there is a need to mitigate above challenges & provide efficient solution.

Technology Category/Market

Technology: Apparatus for measurement of tribological quantities;

Industry: Oil Plant, Manufacturing/Chemical; Applications: Waste Management, Catalyst; Market: The global oil & gas separation equipment market is projected to **\$11.37B** by 2030, at a CAGR of 4.7% during 2022-2030.

Intellectual Property

IITM IDF Ref.: 1808; IN Patent No. 450530

TRL (Technology Readiness Level)

TRL- 4: Technology validated in Lab

Research Lab

Prof. Indumathi Nambi, Dept. of Civil Engineering.

Technology

Patent subject matter discloses a compact pyrolysis-based microwave process for cleaning different oil sludge from tank bottom.

CONTACT US

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IITM TTO Website: https://ipm.icsr.in/ipm/

Technology

- Discussed said energy efficient process/method & system for the separation of oil from oil storage tank bottom sludge.
- Said method comprises steps of
- Preheating the oily sludge by preheating means, & vacuum drying to get a mixture of oily sludge & susceptor material;

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- Thermal conversion of oily sludge & susceptor material by thermal conversion means in microwave assisted heating into a mixture of oily sludge and susceptor material.
- Vapour generated from the thermal conversion means are condensed in a threestage condenser & non-condensable gases are thermally oxidized.

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• Further efficient the energy system comprises of preheating means, vacuum drver, thermal conversion means, microwave assisted heater, condensing means.



Fig.1A(above): depicts graphical representation of the GC-MS overlay of different batch of oil sludge sample; Fig.1B(below): depicts graphical representation od OIL, Gas & char wt% yield for different susceptor & different ratio.



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Image

FIG.2: depicts a graphical representation of temperature profile for different oil sludge:graphite ratio at 450W;



FIG. 3 depicts a graphical representation illustrating the oil yield for varying weight of graphite as susceptor in the oil sludge:graphitemix;



Experimental Results

Table.1 Illustrates the test results of working prototype. Data includes the characterization of tank bottom sludge and GC MS analysis of petroleum hydrocarbon finger printing.

S.No.	Characteristics	Values
1	pH	6.5-7.2
2	Moisture and VH content (g/kg)	114.4-150.5
3.	Viscosity (Pays)	380
4.	Elemental composition (%)	
	Carbon	60
	Hydrogen	25
	Nitrogen	4.5
	Sulphur	4.39
5.	Chemical composition of tank bottom sludge (%)	
	nC7-C10 compounds Nonane and Decane	5-10
	nC11—C20 compounds Undecane — nonadecane	40-60
	nC21—C30 compounds Eicosane— nonacosane	20-40
	Aromatics Benzene, Naphthalene	10-20

Key Features / Value Proposition

* Technical Perspective:

- Claimed method is used for the reuse of the waste from refineries as susceptor for the removal & recovery of oil from sludge.
- Utilizes the refinery waste as susceptor which serves the dual purpose of catalyst waste disposal & oil sludge treatment.
- Said method & system reduces the reaction temperature & heat input, results in saving energy, & which is environment friendly.
- · Present invention includes microwave pyrolysis; refinery waste susceptors; spent catalyst; spent graphite that cracks the oily sludge at low temperature in the range of 300-450°C, & oil & gas yield incresed.
- · Facilitates a more robust & improved system for recovering higher oil percentage and very less coke yield.
- The characterization of tank bottom sludge viz., pH, moisture and VH content & the viscosity of oil spill sludge, elemental composition and GC-MS analysis of Petroleum hydrocarbon finger printing are given in **Table.1**.

* Industrial Perspective:

- 1. Less time consumption, operational cost minimized & improves the yield & quality of the fuel oil resulting in lower emissions.
- 2. The system manages the waste locally & there is reduced time taking for treatment & less **cost spent** on logistics.

User Perspective:

1. Ensures more reliable, eco-friendly & energy efficient process and system.

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