



## AN UNDERWATER CAPSULE VEHICLE

### IITM Technology Available for Licensing

#### Problem Statement

- Underwater capsule vehicles facilitate critical deep-sea exploration, environmental monitoring, resource assessment, defense, scientific research by safely transporting operators and obtaining diverse samples under high-pressure conditions.
- Conventional submersibles use bulky sampling devices, limiting type diversity due to compact hulls, complex buoyancy controls, and reduced interior space for multiple instruments.
- Further, most conventional capsules collect only a single sample type, requiring separate devices, increasing weight, operator complexity, and reducing stability and maneuverability in dynamic underwater environments.
- There is a need for an underwater capsule that simplifies operations, reduces complexity, and allows for a greater diversity of samples, making it versatile and efficient.

#### Intellectual Property

- IITM IDF Ref 3013
- IN 202441055987 Patent Application

#### TRL (Technology Readiness Level)

TRL 2 Technology Concept formulated

#### Technology Category/ Market

Category- Applied Mechanics & Mechanical Engineering/ Robotics & Automation

#### Industry Classification:

Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing; Marine Robotics; Environmental Monitoring; offshore energy

#### Applications:

Environmental Monitoring; Marine Archaeology; Industrial Inspection; Gathering mineral or biomass samples; Research Expeditions

#### Market report:

The Global autonomous underwater vehicle market was valued at USD 3.42 billion in 2024 and is projected to grow to USD 16.85 billion by 2035 with a CAGR 15.6 %

#### Research Lab

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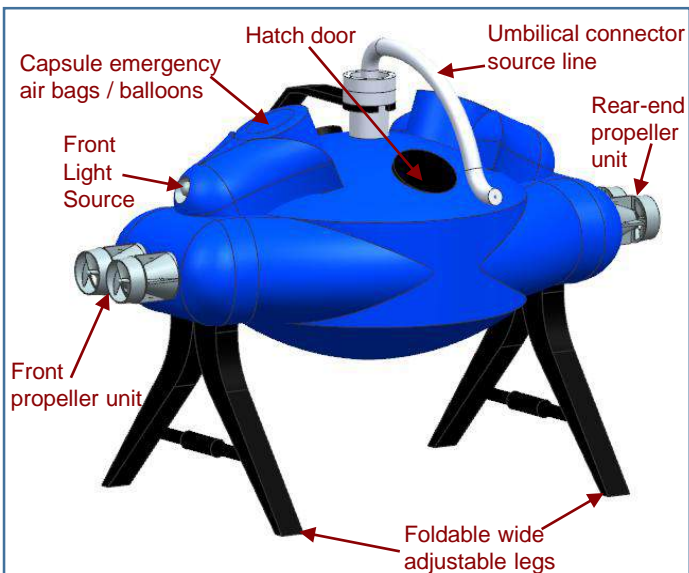


Figure: Illustration of the Personnel capsule assembly

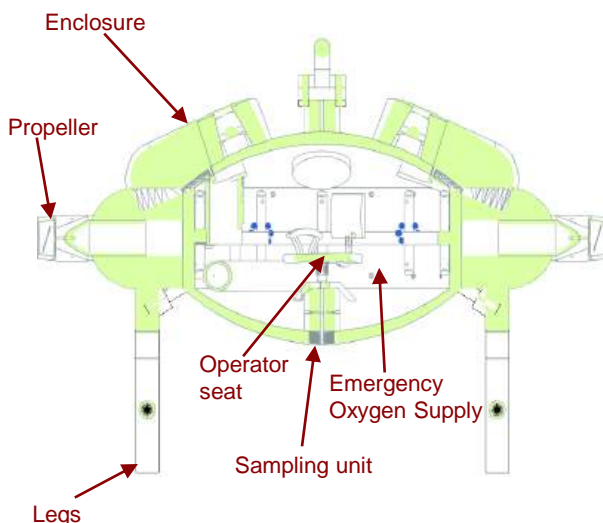


Figure: A partial sectional view of an underwater capsule vehicle with a sampling unit.

#### CONTACT US

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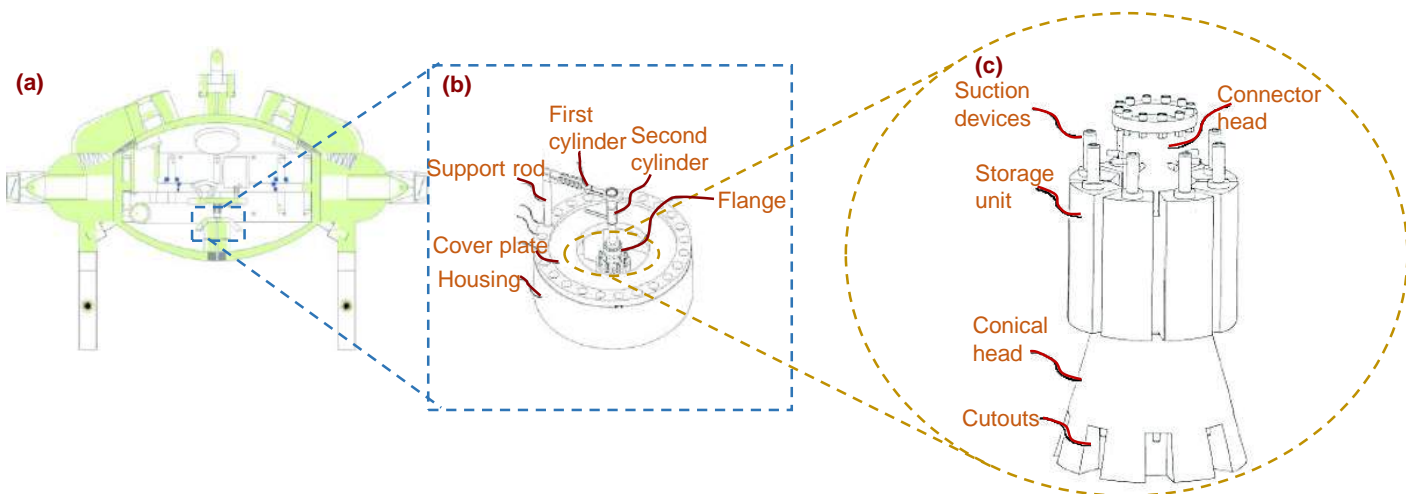
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**Figure:** Illustrations of the (a) underwater capsule vehicle (b) perspective view of a deployment system coupled with the sampling unit and (c) The sampling unit. This dual-cylinder arrangement with perpendicular actuations of the deployment mechanism, provides a controlled and precise movement of the sampling unit

### Technology

A robust, pressure-resistant enclosure housing sampling units and propulsion mechanisms ensures durability in extreme underwater conditions.

The conical head of the sample collection system features concentric peripheral pockets, intermediate channels, and a central aperture—each linked to dedicated conduits—enabling discrete intake of solids, semi-solids, and liquids in a single deployment.

Each peripheral pocket houses an agitator consisting of a main cylinder, driving shaft, and cutter head; pressurized gas pulses stir the seabed surface, freeing compacted sediments for efficient peripheral channel intake

A guide mechanism employing a support rod, perpendicular first and second cylinders, and a bottom shutter permits precise vertical and lateral positioning of the sampling unit through the hull, ensuring stable seabed contact.

Cutouts in the head house sensors, LEDs, and cameras linked to an onboard control unit—providing real-time detection of sample types, optimized actuator control, and visual confirmation to the operator.

### Key Features / Value Proposition

- Simultaneously collects solid, semi-solid, and fluid samples via dedicated peripheral, intermediate, and central channels, eliminating the need for multiple devices.
- Peripheral storage units with check-valve and suction devices secure each sample type separately, ensuring contamination-free collection and increased onboard capacity.
- Pneumatically driven agitators in each pocket stir sediments before intake, improving recovery of settled solids and heterogeneous mixtures.
- Dual-cylinder cantilever guide mechanism and shutter allow accurate, repeatable positioning of the sampling head on uneven seabed, enhancing operational efficiency.
- Embedded sensors, illumination units, and cameras provide real-time feedback for sample detection and verification, reducing trial-and-error and mission risk.

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